Vivekananda College of Engineering & Technology, Puttur [A Unit of Vivekananda Vidyavardhaka Sangha Puttur ®] Affiliated to VTU, Belagavi & Approved by AICTE New Delhi

CRM08 Rev 1.10 <CV> <11/3/2022>

CONTINUOUS INTERNAL EVALUATION - 2

Dept:CV	Sem / Div: 3	Sub:Fluid Mechanics	S Code: 18CV33
Date: 17/3/22	Time:9.30-11pm	Max Marks: 50	Elective: N

Note: Answer any 2 full questions, choosing one full question from each part.

Q	N	Questions	Ma rks	RBT	CO's			
PART A								
1	a	Derive Darcy's equation for head loss through a pipe.	10	L2	CO5			
		Water flowing through a rigid pipe of diameter 500mm with 1.5m/s is suddenly brought to rest. Find the instantaneous pressure rise if K: 2GPa.		L3	CO5			
		A compound pipe system consists of 1800m of 0.5m diameter, 1200m of 0.4m diameter and 600m of 0.3m diameter connected in series. Convert the system to, i) An equivalent length of 0.4m diameter. ii) An equivalent pipe of 3600m length		L3	CO5			
OR								
2	a	Explain the terms:i) Hydraulic gradient and ii) Total energy line.iii).Pipes in parallel ii) Pipes in series	8	L2	CO5			
		Find the diameter of the pipe of length 2500 m when the rate of flow of water through the pipe is 0.25 m ³ /sec and head loss due to friction is 5m. Take C = 50 in Chezy's formula.	2000	L3	CO5			
		The rate of water flow.of water through a horizontal pipe is 0.025 m ³ /s. The diameter of the pipe which is 200mm is suddenly enlarged to 400mm. The pressure intensity in the smaller pipe is 11.772N/cm ² . Compute: ; i)- Loss of head	200000	L3	CO5			
		Suddenly charged to 400mm. The pressure intensity :		1/2				

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		head due to sudden enlargement ii).pressure intensity in			
		the large PART B			
3	a	Water flows over a rectangular weir in 1m wide at a depth Water flows over a rectangular weir in 1m wide at a depth of 15 cm and afterwards passes through a triangular right of 15 cm and afterwards passes through a triangular right of 15 cm and afterwards passes through a triangular weir. Taking Cd for rectangular weir of the triangular weir.		L3	CO4
8 18 20	b	Explain cipolletti notch. What is the advantage of the cipolletti notch over trapezoidal notch? Give the equation cipolletti notch	10	L2	CO4
		of discharge over and ventilation of weir Explain types of nappe and ventilation of weir	8	L2	CO4
		UK			
4	a	Distinguish between i)notch and Weir ,ii)orifice and mouthpiece	5	L2	CO4
	b	Water is flowing in a rectangular channel I m wide and 0.75m deep. Find the discharge over a rectangular weir of 0.6m crest length. The head over the crest is 200mm, Ca:0.62. Take velocity of approach into consideration and contraction		L3	CO4
	c	Determine the equation for discharge of triangular notch	10	L3	CO4

Prepared by:

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